**AEVISED 5-7-87** 

CRITICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	DNG NO. 229747-503 FSSUED 10-14-86 SHEET UF 5	
FAILURE MODE AND TAILURE EFFECT ON END IYEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
Loss of Chassis GMD	Video noisy.  Morst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	The W4 PTU cable is a 44-inch long, 25-wire assemble each end. The video and symc/cmd wires are shield of #24 wire. The cable connects the TVC and PTV. been selected.  The cable design is taken from the successfully flicable-connector assembly in which the wire termina flexture at the joint between the wire and the conconcentration is moved away from the conductor conthe length of the conductors encapsulated in a put also protects the assembly from dirt and entrapped in space.  The cable and its cumponents meet the applicable respectfications. These requirements include:  • General/Mechanical/Electrical features • Design and Construction • Materials • Terminal Solderability • Environmental • Qualification • Marking and SerialIzation • Traceability and Occumentation	ied Twinax shielded and twisted pairs Connector types KJG6E14N3SSN16 have lown Apollo program. The design is a stions are protected from excessive mector terminal. The load inection and distributed axially along ted-Laper profile. This technique is moisture which could cause problems	

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FMEA NO. W 4.20 CRETECALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	0M1T Cable DNG NO. 2293287-503 15SUEO TO-14-86 SHEET Z OF 5
FATEURE HODE AND CAUSE	FATEURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
ss of Chassis GND	Video molsy.  Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	Qualified by 1.) similarity to previous successful spatualification tests of CCTV LRUs.  ACCEPTANCE TEST  The cable acceptance test consists of an obraster chec connection is present and intact. Results are recorded operational TEST  The following tests werify that CCTV components are opthe PHS (A7A1) panel switch, through the RCU, through to the Camera/PTU command decoder are proper. The testability to produce video, the VSU's ability to route visplay video. A similar test verifies the MOM command Pre-Launch on Orbiter Test/In-Flight Test  1. Power CCTV System. 2. Select a monitor via the PHS panel, as destination source. 3. Send "Camera Power On" command from PHS panel. 4. Select "External Sync" on monitor. If video on stable raster), then this indicates that the came from the RCU and that the camera is producing sync. Send Pan, Tilt, Focus, Zoom, ALC, and Gamma comman monitor or direct observation) verify proper oper 1. Select Downlink as destination and camera under to Observe video routed to downlink. 9. Send "Camera Power Off" command via PHS panel. 10. Repeat Steps 3 through 9 except issue commands via proves that the CCTV equipment is operational if	ce programs and 2.) by use during k to assure that each wire d on data sheets.  erable and that the commands from the sync lines to the Camera/P1U, ts also verify the camera's ideo and the monitor's ability to d path.  In and the camera under test as monitor is synchronized (i.e., ra is receiving composite sync chronized video. ds and visually (either via the atjon. est as source.

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REVISED 5-7-87 TINU Cable 046 NO. 223325 2293297-503 SHUTTLE CCTV W 4.20 FMEA NO. CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET CRITICALITY 2/2 FATLURE NODE AND TAILURE EFFECT RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE CAUSE ON END ITEM Loss of Chassis GND QA/CHSPECTION 0pen Video notsy. Procurement Control - Wire, connectors, solder, etc. are procured from approved vendors and suppliers which meet the requirements set forth in the CCTV contract and Quality Morst Case: Plan Work Statement (WS-2593176). Lass of mission Incoming Inspection & Storage - Incoming Quality inspections are made on all received critical video. materials and parts. Results are recorded by lot and retained in file by drawing and control numbers for future reference and traceability. Accepted items are delivered to Material Controlled Stores and retained under specified conditions until cable fabrication is required. Non-conforming materials are held for Material Review Hoard (MRB) disposition. (PAI-307, PAI 10C-53). Assembly & Test - Prior to the start of assembly, all items are verified to be correct by stock room personnel as the items are accumulated to form a kit. The items are verified again by the operator who assembles the kit by checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). Specific instructions are given in assembly drawing notes and applicable documents called out in the Fabrication Procedure and Record (FPR-2293287). These are 2280800 -Process Standard crimping flight connector contacts, 2280801 - Process Standard in-line splicing of standard interconnecting wire using Raychem solder sleeves, 2280876 -Process Standard marking of parts or assemblies with epoxy colurs, 2280876. Potting material and test procedure (TP-AT-2293207). Quality and DCAS Inspections are performed at the cumpletion of key operations. Preparation for Shipment - When fabrication and test is complete, the cable assembly is packaged according to 2280746, Process Standard for Packaging and Handling Guidelines. All related documentation including assembly drawings, Parts List, ABPL, Test Data, etc. is gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned specifically to each cable assembly. This folder is retained for reference.

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FMEA NO. W 4.20  CRITECALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE COTY DM6 NO. 2293287-503 CRITICAL TIENS LIST ISSUED T0-14-86 SHEET 4 OF 5	UNIT Cable DM6 NO. 2293287-503 ISSUED T0-14-86 SHEET 4 UF 5	
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FATEURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
Loss of Chassis GND Open	Yideo naisy.	FATLURE HISTORY  There have been no reported failures during RCA testing, pre-flight or flight.		
	Norst Case: Loss of mission critical video:			

REVISED 5-7-87 TENU Cahle W 4.20 SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL LYEMS LIST FMEA NO. 2293287-503 DNG NO. 122IIEO <del>10-14-86</del> CHITICALITY 2/2 SHEET FATLURE MODE AND FATLURE EFFECT CAUSE ON END ITEM RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE Loss of Chassis GND OPERATIONAL EFFECTS Video is unusable. Possible loss of major mission objectives if affected camera is the Open Video noisy. RMS wrist camera or other required cameras. Worst Case: Loss of mission CHEW ACTIONS critical video. If possible, continue RMS operations using alternate visual cues. CREW TRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible alternates to CCTV. MISSION CONSTRAINT Where possible design procedures so they can be accomplished without CCTV.